

General Manual

for Telemetry System with Ex-Certification



Manner Sensortelemetrie GmbH Eschenwasen 20 D-78549 Spaichingen

Telephone: +49 (0)7424 9329-0 Fax: +49 (0)7424 9329-29

Email: info@sensortelemetrie.de Internet: www.sensortelemetrie.de



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We would be glad for suggestion for improvement and notes about mistakes.

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1 Security

1.1 Information about this Manual

This manual allows for the safe and efficient handling of the delivered components. The manual is part of Manner Sensor Telemetry System and must be kept accessible for the personnel at all times in the immediate vicinity of the system. The personnel must also be incorporated in accordance with the documents of the entire system. The personnel must read the necessary instructions before starting work carefully and have understood. Basic prerequisite for safe working is the observance of all specified safety and handling instructions. In addition, the local accident prevention regulations and general safety regulations must be applied. Illustrations in this manual are provided for basic understanding and may differ from the actual design.

1.2 Definition of Warnings



WARNING!

Hint for possible dangerous situation. Ignoring the security terms may cause dead or serious injury.



CAUTION!

Hint for possible dangerous situation.

Ignoring the security terms may cause material damage or injury.



DANGER!

Important hints for usage in areas exposed to explosion hazards.



NOTICE!

Hint for possible loss of property, if the corresponding protective measure were disregarded.



Further information

1.3 General Warnings

The system startup has to be made by instructed qualified personnel, who is able to estimate the potential risks. It is a matter of course that all chapters of these original instruction manual were read and understood completely before startup.

On non-observance it is not possible to assert a claim for the incurred losses from the manufacturer. Each kind of changes of the system, except the described operations in the instruction manual and customer documentation, causes a disclaimer of warranty.

The on hand instruction manual contains all ATEX specific information for a prompt startup and a safe operation

Manner Sensortelemetrie is a supplier of equipment to the operator and has no effect on the final application.



In any case the operator has to audit the complete system in terms of "ATEX" by a notified body !



DANGER!

The system startup has to be made by instructed qualified personnel that is familiar with

- the professional handling of security relevant components,
- the valid Ex regulations,
- the valid regulations for operational safety und rules for accident prevention.

During all mounting, demounting or reparation the system has to be power-off. Note the mounting instructions.



DANGER!

During operating heating of the sensor signal amplifier and the PickUp Stator antenna is possible. Avoid contact



CAUTION!

Plug connectors must NOT be disconnected / connected when the system is switched on. $\,$



DANGER!

Check the safety function of the protective equipment in particular

- before each startup
- after each replacement of a component
- after a longer standstill
- after each defect

Regardless thereof the safety function of the protective equipment must be checked in suitable time intervals as part of the maintenance work!



Note the mounting hint (see chapter 4, installation instruction) and the customer documentation.



DANGER!

Risk of Injury by Faulty Installation

An incorrect installation may cause immediately while the installation or while the subsequent starting injury to persons.

Mind the built-up instruction (see chapter 4, mounting instruction)

The System muss be installed and brought on line by authorized qualified personnel

- which is familiar with the professional handling of safety components,
- and the valid directive for operational safety and rules for accident prevention.





DANGER!

Risk of Injury by Unintentional Beginning of Operation

Rotating or movable part may cause injury while unintentional beginning of operation

Set the system currentless while all mounting, dismounting or repair work. Mind the installation instruction.



DANGER!

Risk of Injury by Movable Parts

While the regular operation as well as by unintentional releasing of parts of the telemetry system while operating present persons may be injured because if missing protection equipment.

Check the assured function of the protection equipment particularly

- before each bringing into service
- after each replacement of components
- after a longer standstill
- after each fault

Independent of this the assured function of the protection equipment should be checked in appropriate time interval as a part of the maintenance work!



WARNING!

Risk of Injury by Burning

While operating the sensor signal amplifier and the PickUp stator antenna may become heat.

Avoid contact.



CAUTION!

Risk of Damage to Property

If connectors are plugged-in or pulled while voltage is present the telemetry system itself as well as connected devices may be damaged.

Do not plug-in or pull connectors while voltage is present.



WARNING!

Explosionsschutz

Identifies contents and instructions in this manual that apply to the ATEX directive the use of this machine in hazardous areas. inobservance of these contents and instructions can lead to loss of explosion protection.



1.4 Special Hazard Hints



DANGER!

The EX variant of sensor telemetry systems is only suitable for following cases of operation

- in areas with risk of gas explosion: zone 2, 1
- in areas with risk of dust explosion: zone 22, 21

During operations as mounting or electrical installation it has to be $\mbox{\it guaranteed}$ that

- a working approval was given by the operator
- no explosive atmosphere is present
- the system is power off



DANGER!

To avoid dangerous increase of temperature on the surfaces prevent dust deposits (cover, regular cleaning)

The following current standards are for the sytem to use: "intrinsic safety ib"



NOTICE!

You should have access to following current directives if required:

Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX)

You should have access to following current standards if required:

EN 1127-1 explosion prevention – basic information and methodology

Standards for intrinsically safe equipment for use in:

- potentially explosive gas atmospheres ("G")
- In areas with combustible dust ("D") ("D")

EN 60079-0 General requirements

EN 60079-10 Classification of areas exposed to explosion hazards

EN 60079-11 Device protection by intrinsic safety

EN 60079-14 Explosible atmosphere; project planning, selection and installation of electrical installations

EN 600079-25 Explosive atmospheres - Intrinsically safe systems

Check for other applicable harmonized standards under Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX) in the "Official Journal of the European Union", see: http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/european-standards/harmonised-standards/equipment-explosive-atmosphere/index_en.htm

Furthermore, the TRBS rules have to be followed.



1.4.1 Avoidance of Electrostatic Charge

Instructions to the operator:

To evaluate the present resources in order to avoid electrostatic charging according to DIN EN 60079-0 Chapter 7.4, the following information:

Group II (Gas)

Non-metallic surfaces (e.g. by grouting of rotor loop) are rated "by limiting the surface of non-metallic housing parts", DIN EN 60079-0, table 6+7. The specified values in table 6 must be increased by a factor of 4, if the non-metallic surfaces are framed by metallic, and it is assumed that the metal parts are grounded.

Group III (Dust)

The areas covered by the grout surfaces are also rated (similarly to gas) according to EN 60079-0, table 6 +7. Due to the metallic framing can be assumed that charge carriers can not be stored in adequate, excess energy.

The operator is responsible for further measures / assessments to avoid electrostatic charge.

1.4.2 Maximum Surface Temperature

The designation of the maximum surface temperature has been determined without regard to a layer of dust respectively with free heat emission. If the heat emission is avoid e.g. by a layer of dust or cover, measures must be taken by the operator!

1.5 Definitions



NOTICE!

The operator is responsible for the correct classification of hazardous areas!

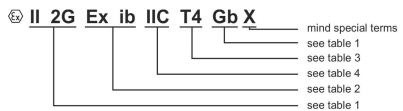
The following tables must be checked / verified with the valid standards.



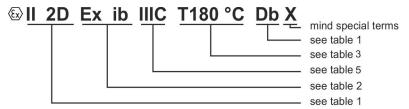
1.5.1 Declaration on Product Labels

Declaration

Gases:



Dusts:





Note for 'X'

According to EN60079-0:2012 29.3.d) additional for "alternative" marking.

1.5.2 Zones Classification

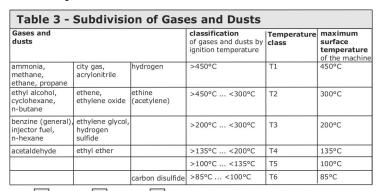
Table 1 - Area exposed to Explosion Hazards							
Terms and Classification			Required Labeli	Required Labeling of Operating Resource			
Flammable substance	Temporary behavior of the explosive atmosphere	Classification areas exposed to explosion hazards	Group in sense of RL 94/9/EG	Machine category in sense of RL 94/9/EG	Group in sense of RL 94/9/EG	Machine safety leve (EPL) in sense of EN 60079-0	
Gases, vapor	Is always, long-term or frequently present	Zone 0	II	1G	II	Ga	
	During normal operation casual present	Zone 1	II	2G or 1G	II	Gb or Ga	
	Typically not during normal operation casual present, or just short-term	Zone 2	II	3G or 2G or 1G	II	Gc r Gb or Ga	
Dusts	As cloud always, long-term or frequently present	Zone 20	II	1D	II	Da	
	As cloud casual present during normal operation	Zone 21	II	2D or 1D	II	Db or Da	
	As cloud typically not or just short-term present during normal operation	Zone 22	II	3D or 2D or 1D	II	Dc or Db or Da	
Methane,	Running at explosion hazard	=	I	M1	I	Ма	
dust	Shutdown at explosion hazard	-	I	M2 or M1	I	Mb or Ma	



1.5.3 Product Declaration

Use	Flammable	Safety principle	Ignition protection	Labeling according to the machine safety level			
	substance		type	a = very high safety	b = high safety	c = highte	end safety
All uses	Gases, vapors and dusts	-	General requirement	-	-	-	
switching devices, controls, motors, command and signal units, power electronics	Gases and vapors (G)	Transfer to outside of an explosion is excluded	Pressure-resistant casing	-	Ex d Ex db	-	
junction and conjunction boxes, enclosures, motors, lamps, terminals	Gases and vapors (G)	Avoid spark and temperature	Hightend Safety	-	Ex e Ex eb	(=)	
junction and conjunction boxes, enclosures, motors, lamps, switch and control cabinet	Vapors (D)	Keep explosive dust atmosphere away from ignition source	Safety by enclosure	Ex ta	Ex tb	Ex tc	
measurement, control and regulation technology, sensors, actuators, instruments	Gases and vapors (G)	Energy limitation of spark and temperature	intrinsic safety	Ex la	Ex ib	Ex Ic	
	Vapors (D)			Ex la	Ex ib	Ex Ic	
Switch and control cabinet, motors, measurement device and analyzer,	Gases and vapors (G)	Keep explosive dust atmosphere away from	over pressure casing	1-1	Ex px Ex pxb Ex py Ex pyb	Ex pz	Ex pzc
data processor	Vapors (D)	ignition source			Ex pb	Ex pc	7/
inductors and relays of motors,	Gases and vapors (G)	Keep explosive dust atmosphere away from	grouting casing	Ex ma	Ex mb	-	
systems				Ex ma	Ex mb	151	
Power transformers, relays, run-up control, switching device	Gases and vapors (G)	Keep explosive dust atmosphere away from ignition source	Oil casing	-	Ex o Ex ob		
Power transformers, relays, capacitors	Gases and vapors (G)	Transfer to outside of an explosion is excluded	Sand casing	(.T)	Ex q Ex qb	15.	
All uses in zone 2	Gases and vapors (G)	All ignition protection principles customized for zone 2	Ignition protection type "n"	1-1	-	Ex nA Ex nC Ex nR Ex nL	Ex nAc Ex nCc Ec nRc Ex nLc

1.5.4 Definition, Explosion Groups



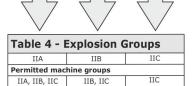


Table 5 - Dust Groups			
Labeling Dusts Permitted machine			
IIIA	flammable fibrous material	IIA, IIB, IIC	
IIIB	non conductible dust	IIB, IIC	
IIIC	conductible dust	IIC	

1.5.5 Temperature Classes, Dusts

Table 6 - Ignition temperature of Dusts			
Permitted temperature dust deposit	T _{perm.deposit} = T _{5mm deposit} -75°C		
Permitted temperature dust cloud	$T_{perm.cloud} = 2/3 T_{cloud}$		
Maximum permitted surface temperature of the machine	$T_{perm.deposit} \ge T_{perm.} \le T_{perm.cloud}$		



2 Conventional Usage

Sensor Telemetry Systems are used for contact-free tapping of passive sensor signals (e.g. on rotating shafts).

The delivered system has to be used **exclusively** for the prescribed measure - or rather controlling order.



CAUTION!

The operator has to take care himself in case of failure malfunction, e.g. overmodulation $\begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}$



DANGER!

It is not permitted to open the enclosures of the intrinsically safe production facilities!

A telemetry system contains:

- Evaluation unit
- Pickup stator antenna
- Sensor signal amplifier



NOTICE!

It is not allowed to connect products of foreign manufacturers

The mixing of Ex and non Ex production facilities is not allowed!

For permitted compontent types for the Ex area mind overview & Chapter 3.1.2 "Operating Facilities Overview" on page 15

Liability Limitation

All information and instructions in this manual has been compiled in accordance with current standards and regulations, the state of the art and our many years of knowledge and experience.

The manufacturer assumes no liability for damages due to:

- Not following the guidelines
- Improper use
- Employment of untrained staff
- Unauthorized conversions
- Technical changes
- Use of unauthorized spare parts

The agreed commitments of the delivery contract, the general terms and conditions and the conditions of the manufacturer and the valid at the time the contract legal regulations are applied.

We reserve the right to make technical changes in the context of improving the usage properties and further ahead.



Spare Parts



DANGER

mportant notes for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.

Therefore:

- Use only original spare parts from the manufacturer or explicitly authorized by the manufacturer spare parts.
- In case of doubt always contact the manufacturer. Failure to follow these instructions will lead to loss of explosion protection.

Operator Responsibility

The supplied components are used by the operator or supplier in the appropriate end use. In addition to the safety instructions in this manual that apply to the application area of machine safety, accident prevention and environmental protection rules must be respected

This is particularly:

- The operator must be aware of the applicable health and safety regulations and determine in a risk assessment other hazards that may arise from the special working conditions at the plant. This must be implemented in the form of operating instructions.
- The operator must check during the entire period of use whether the operating instructions drawn up by him represents the current state of the regulations and adjust them if necessary.
- The operator has the responsibilities for installation, operation, maintenance and cleaning definitely regulate and specify.
- The operator must ensure that all employees have been instructed appropriate.
- The operator is responsible for creating a risk assessment.

Loss of Explosion Protection



DANGER!

For systems designed for use in hazardous areas according to directive 2014/34/EU are intended. The operator must ensure compliance with the directive for the entire plant. Ignoring leads to the loss of explosion protection..

Unauthorized Persons



WARNING!

Danger to unauthorized persons!

Unauthorized persons who do not meet the requirements described here, do not know the hazards in the workspace.

Therefore:

- Keep unauthorized persons away from the workspace.
- If in doubt ask and relegate people from the workspace.
- Interrupt work as long as unauthorized persons stay in the workspace.

Instruction

Personnel must be instructed by the operator regularly.



Transport / Storage



WARNING!

Transport damage can lead to loss of explosion protection.

In case of visible transport damage of the components do not operate. Contact the manufacturer.

Failure to follow these instructions will lead to loss of explosion protection.



CAUTION!

Store components under the following conditions:

- No outdoor storage.
- No expose to aggressive substances.



3 Description of the Systems, Technical Data

3.1 General Measuring Installation

3.1.1 Principle

The Sensor Telemetry System is used for contact-free tapping of passive sensor signals.

It contains the evaluation unit, the pickup stator antenna and the sensor signal amplifier.

These three operating facilities are connected and together with power supply, the sensors and the connection cables they built the sensor telemetry system. Evaluation unit, pickup stator antenna and sensor signal amplifier are reviewed and audited from a prototype.

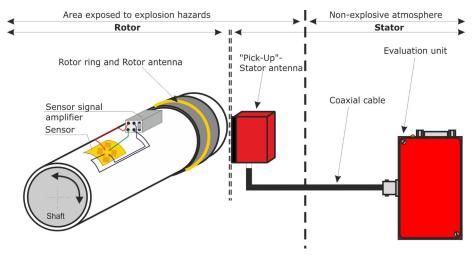


Fig. 1: Measuring installation, principle

Decription Measuring System

The evaluation unit is situated outside of the area exposed to explosion hazards as related intrinsically safe operating resources - and performs two tasks: It is the HF source and receiver of the sensor data.

The pickup stator antenna is situated inside the area exposed to explosion hazards and is connected to the evaluation unit by a coaxial cable. The energy of the HF source is transformed into a magnetic field by the pickup stator antenna. The energy supply of the sensor signal amplifier as well as the passive sensors is contactless by inductive linking. The HF energy is tapped by an induction loop and is delivered to the sensor signal amplifier. The sensor signal amplifier generates the supply voltage for the sensors and the intern electronic system from the HF voltage and modulates the measuring signal on the HF voltage.

Foreign Components

The running of system components of foreign manufacturers is not permitted. Exceptions are cables and sensors. The evaluation unit is part of the evaluation system and is installed mechanically and electrically inside of it. The coaxial connector is leaded directly outward (without adapter) during the installation and provides a good accessibility for the customer.

The connection to explosion hazards is established by a coaxial cable from the coaxial connector.

The power supply of the evaluation unit is inside the evaluation system, by using the Sub-D9 interface situated inside the evaluation system. The digital data of the Sub-D9 interface are converted into a output signal as predefined by the customer , e.g.: into an analog signal or a digital USB signal.



Note

The ground wire of the evaluation has to be grounded electrically about potential equalization by the operator .

3.1.2 Operating Facilities Overview

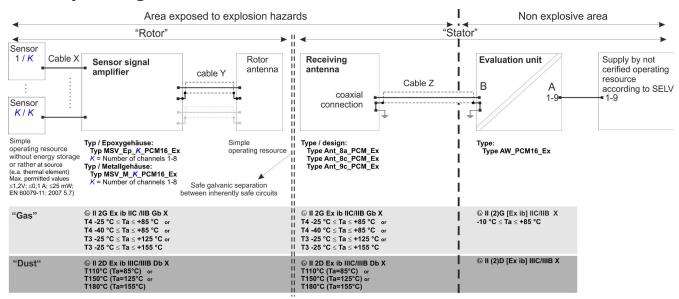


Fig. 2: Operating facilities overview

Remark

As the intrinsically safe HF output circuit is grounded under normal operating conditions, a potential equalization along the wire gearing of the HF measuring circuit inside and outside of the potentially explosive atmosphere must be realized.

Design, frequency and number of channels have no influence to the EX- safety $\!\!\!/$ parameter because they were correspondingly reviewed.

Temperature declarations and range represent ordering options, as well as the applications for IIC/IIB or IIIC/IIB.

For the definite declaration and temperature range mind the type lables of the respective operating facilities rather as the provided customer documentation.

Mind the provided manual and the customer documentation for special conditions.

The operator is responsible for the ignition source analysis of the complete equipment.



3.1.3 Energy and Data Flow

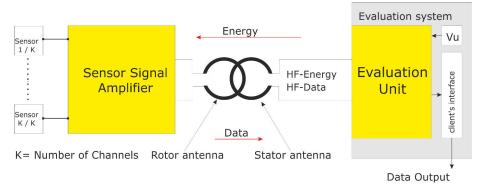


Fig. 3: 3.1.2 Energy and Data Flow

3.2 Evaluation Unit

3.2.1 Electrical Data Evaluation Unit

The evaluation unit is factory-provided integrated into a compact evaluation unit or a tabletop unit. The supply of the evaluation unit is internally generated according to EN60950 with 15V \pm 2%.

HF-voltage (transfer interface to the Ex-area)

The HF voltage is generated by a HF output stage and is securely separated from the other circuit parts by capacitors or rather insulating clearances. The supply of the HF output stage as well as the HF output voltage are securely delimited by voltage delimiting measures. The frequency of the HF voltage is denoted with f_{sys} . The stator antenna and the sensor signal amplifier must been construed for the same frequency f_{sys} . The usage of different frequency f_{sys} is not expedient, but not security relevant.

3.2.2 Labeling

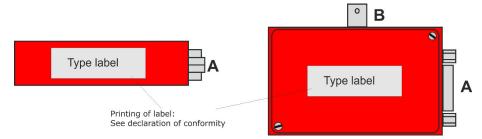


Fig. 4: Labeling of the evaluation unit

The Ex-relevant parameters are affixed on the box' side, because the top cover is not combined undetachably with the enclosure! Additional general values are stated on the top cover.

Because the evaluation unit is situated in an additional enclosure, an extra labeling with all parameters is affixed outside the end device, inclusive the ϵ -labeling for the complete telemetry system.



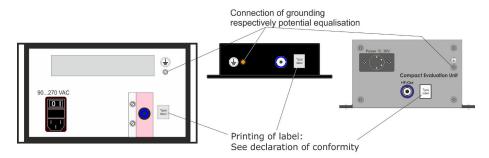


Fig. 5: Labeling tabletop unit or compact unit

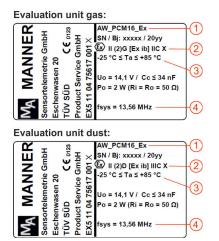


Fig. 6: Labeling evaluation unit

1	Possible type identifier:
	AW_PCM16_Ex

2	Identifier for gas explosible area:	Identifier for dust explosible area:
	[☐ II (2)G [Ex ib] IIC Gb X	(x) II (2)G [Ex ib] IIIC Db X
	⟨□⟩ II (2)G [Ex ib] IIB Gb X	

Note for 'X': According to EN 60079-0:2012 29.3.d) additional for "alternative" marking.

3	Temperature range:	Temperature range:
	-25 °C \leq Ta \leq $+85$ °C	-25 °C \leq Ta \leq $+85$ °C

4	Variants f _{sys}
	f _{sys} : 13.56 MHz
	f _{sys} : 6.78 MHz
	f _{sys} : 3.39 MHz

3.2.3 Special Conditions of Use "X" Evaluation Unit

- Because of the intrinsically safe HF output circuit is operatively connected to ground, along the wire transmission an equipotential bonding inside and outside the hazardous area has to be set up!
- In the type of protection intrinsically safe "ib" only provided for connection to the PickUp stator antenna of Manner Sensortelemetrie GmbH, type Ant_8a_PCM_Ex or type Ant_8c_PCM_Ex or type Ant_9c_PCM_Ex coaxial cable with typ. impedance 50Ω !
- The evaluation system (e.g. table top unit, compact unit) in which the evaluator unit is integrated must be grounded in compliance with standards.
- The supply of the evaluation unit must be made through a supply according to DIN 60950!
- The evaluation unit is located outside of the hazardous area, the HF circuit is fed by a coaxial cable into the Ex area.
- The housing of the evaluation unit may only be opened only instructed and trained personell!





CAUTION!

The evaluation system which contains the evaluation unit, must be grounded.



NOTICE!

The shield of the BNC plug (B) and the housing is connected with the GND pin/s of the D-Sub plug (A)!

3.3 Coaxial Cable (Cable Z)

The cable connection between the pickup stator antenna and the evaluation unit (cable Z) is performed by a coaxial cable.

3.3.1 Requirements for the Coaxial Cable

The used coaxial cable must fulfill following properties:

- Surge impedance 50 Ω
- Maximum capacity for the complete cable length $C_C \le 34$ nF
- Maximum inductance L_C ≤100 μH

A coaxial cable 4m RG142 (100 pF/m, 250 nH/m) is by default fix performed with the pickup stator antenna. According to the customer specification a longer cable can be provided, so the high temperature range ($\leq 155^{\circ}$ C) can be left without interconnection.

A screwed cable gland can be added previously on the cable according to the customer specification, so a cable gland according to EN 60079-0 can be performed. Longer distances should be bridged with low absorbing cable to the evaluation unit.

3.3.2 Connections / Cable Feedthrough



NOTICE!

At plug-in connections inside a gas atmosphere a protection class \geq IP 54, for dust \geq IP65 is recommended.

At plug-in connections following notice should be added:

- "Do not disconnect or connect when the system is powered on"
- " Do not disconnect or connect in areas exposed to explosion hazards"

At the passage between different zones the necessary cable feedthrough has to be realized according to EN 60079-0.

3.4 Antennas and Interface

3.4.1 PickUp Stator Antenna, General Information

The pickup stator antenna is part of the sensor telemetry system and is connected to the evaluation unit by the coaxial cable.



The transition from the non-explosive atmosphere to the area exposed to explosion hazards has to be executed according to EN 60079-0:2012 for cable insertion.

The antenna is situated in the hazardous area and transmits the energy to the rotor ring contactlessly by inductive coupling. The pickup stator antenna generates a magnetic field from the HF voltage and induces the energy contactlessly into the field-inside situated induction loop (rotor antenna). There is no d.c. voltage generated inside the pickup stator antenna.

The pickup stator antenna is offered in several enclosure designs. The EX relevant intern build-up of the different antenna formats is identical.

Which model is selected depends on the available space in the end use situation. The highest degree of efficiency provides model type 9c followed by type 8c and type 8a.

The choice of the system frequency $_{y}f_{sys}$ " (13.56 MHz; 6.78 MHz and 3.39 MHz) is made for the complete system. The interconnection of system components with different system frequencies does not make sense, but has no impact to the intrinsic safety.

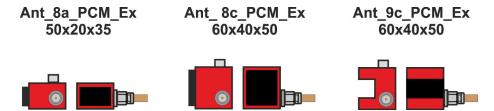


Fig. 7: Different antenna formats of pickup stator antennas

By using an alignment coil the intern oscillating circuit is calibrated on resonance. The enclosure is made from aluminum and completely filled with potting compound. The maximum HF output power of the evaluation unit presents max. 2 W. In case of failure the receiving antenna has 2 W power loss. The complete heat of the antenna is given to the environmental air over the surface of the aluminum enclosure.



3.4.2 PickUp Stator Antenna, Labeling

PickUp gas:



1	Possible type identifier:
	Ant_8a_PCM_Ex
	Ant_8c_PCM_Ex
	Ant_9c_PCM_Ex

PickUp dust:



Fig. 8: Labeling of the pickup stator antenna

2	Identifier for gas explosible area:	Identifier for dust explosible area:
	⟨∑⟩ II 2G Ex ib IIB Gb X	⟨x⟩ II 2D Ex ib IIIB Db X

Note for 'X': According to EN 60079-0:2012 29.3.d) additional for "alternative" marking.

3	for following temperature range:	for following temperature range:
	T4: Ta ≤ +85°C	T110 °C (Ta = 85°C)
	T3: Ta ≤ +125°C	T150 °C (Ta = 125°C)
	T3: Ta ≤ +155°C	T180 °C (Ta = 155°C)

4	Variants f _{sys}
	f _{sys} : 13.56 MHz
	f _{sys} : 6.78 MHz
	f _{sys} : 3.39 MHz



NOTICE!

 U_i , P_i , C_i , C_c , L_i etc. : for all types / variants identical specified, because these values stands for the maximum values at worst case for all variants.

3.4.3 Special Conditions "X" PickUp Stator Antenna

- The operator is responsible for the closing ignition source analysis of the der complete system!
- Because the intrinsically safe HF output circuit is during normal operation grounded, along the cable string inside and outside of the area exposed to explosion hazards a potential balance must be installed!
- In the ignition protection type intrinsic safety "ib" is only for connection with the evaluation unit of Manner Sensortelemetrie GmbH, type AW_PCM16_Ex by coaxial cable with typical surge impedance 50 Ω provided!
- The pickup stator antenna type: Ant_9c_PCM_Ex ist only allowed to use together with rotor antenna "U-shaped"!
- Avoid categorically a mechanical contact between rotor antenna and stator antenna!



- \blacksquare The maximum length of the coaxial cable is delimited by C_C and L_C of the pickup stator antenna..
- The rotor antenna consists of max. one turn with diameter of ≥78 mm (type "saddle"), respectively ≥33 mm (type "Flach"). Differing thereof a new validation is necessary.

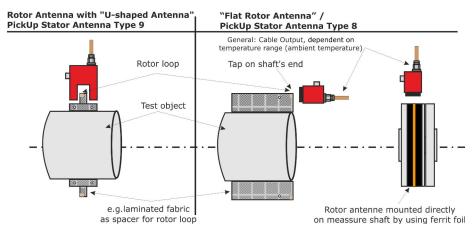


Fig. 9: Antenna coupling



NOTICE!

The pickup stator antenna must factory-provided always be mounted and fixed to avoid mechanical contact during the running.

Sensor signal amplifier and sensors are fixed on or rather inside the test object.

3.4.4 Rotor Antenna

To each pickup stator antenna always belongs a corresponding rotor antenna:

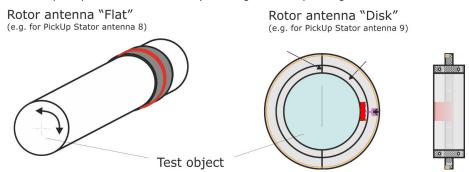


Fig. 10: Design forms of the rotor antenna

The rotor antenna contains only the induction loop and does not heat. The inductance of the induction loop can be safety-related disregarded (0.01 mH). The system is adapted respective it's performance by using a trimmer (\leq 2.2 nF). The induction loop consists only of one turn.

In consequence of the design of the coupling the maximum output at the rotor side is $1.2~\rm W$. The rotor loop is connected to the sensor signal amplifier as short as possible.



The rotor antenna has to be protected against mechanical impacts by using suitable conditions as e.g. sealing. The electrostatic charging of non-metallic areas must be reviewed according to EN 60079-0, when indicated the test object must be grounded.

For metallic test objects it is generally recommended to ground them to avoid electrostatic charging beneath the covered rotor loop and the measuring point.

3.5 Sensor Signal Amplifier

3.5.1 General Information

The sensor signal amplifier is located together with the rotor antenna on the rotating part of the telemetry measuring system. A rotation is not obligatory required for the function. The data and the power are transmitted via inductive coupling.

At the sensor signal amplifier may only be passive sensors or thermocouples connected without energy storage (≤ 1.5 V; ≤ 0.1 A; ≤ 25 mW). The inner inductance is insignificant. The cable (cable Y) between rotor antenna and sensor signal amplifier is fix connected and either sealed or fixed to the enclosure by screwing. All components on the rotor side must be fixed (e.g. by sealing or welding strap) according to the mechanical forces.



For the valid pin assignment for the sensors take note of the respective customer documentation!



3.5.2 Sensor Signal Amplifier Labeling

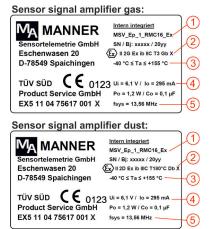


Fig. 11: Labeling of the sensor signal amplifier

•	
1	Possible type identifier:
	MSV_Ep_ K _PCM16_Ex
	MSV_M_ K _PCM16_Ex
	MSV_Ep_1_RMC16_Ex
	MSV_M_1_RMC16_Ex
	K = number of channels 1-8 and correspondig box size / form:
	Ep = epoxy box
	M = metal box

2	Identifier for gas explosible area:	Identifier for dust explosible area:
	⟨∑⟩ II 2G Ex ib IIC Gb X	
	⟨∑⟩ II 2G Ex ib IIB Gb X	

Note for 'X': According to EN 60079-0:2012 29.3.d) additional for "alternative" marking.

3	for following temperature range:	for following temperature range:
	T4: Ta ≥ +85 °C	T110 °C (Ta = 85°C)
	T3: Ta ≥ +125 °C	T150 °C (Ta = 125°C)
	T3: Ta ≥ +155 °C	T180 °C (Ta = 155°C)

4	Possible values
	$U_{o} = 5.3 \text{ V} / I_{o} = 353 \text{ mA}$
	$U_o = 5.7 \text{ V} / I_o = 316 \text{ mA}$
	$U_{o} = 6.1 \text{ V} / I_{o} = 295 \text{ mA}$
	$U_{o} = 6.6 \text{ V} / I_{o} = 273 \text{ mA}$

4	Variants f _{sys}
	f _{sys} : 13.56 MHz
	f _{sys} : 6.78 MHz
	f _{sys} : 3.39 MHz



Um, P_i , C_i , C_c , L_i etc. : for all types / variants identical specified, because these values stands for the maximum values at worst case for all variants.



3.5.3 Special Conditions "X" Sensor Signal Amplifier

- The operator is responsible for the closing ignition source analysis of the complete system!
- Only for installation with sensors like:
 - passive operating resources without energy storage or rather
 - active operating resources, e.g. thermocouples (source, in which \leq 1.5 V; \leq 0.1 A; \leq 25 mW are possible)
- The heat conduction from the sensor signal amplifier over a must be assured!
- In the type of protection intrinsic safety "ib" with a max. HF load of 1.2 W (rotor sided) by Manner Sensortelemetrie Ex operating resources.

3.6 Compact Evaluation Unit

3.6.1 General Information

The evaluation unit will be embedded into an extra enclosure. The digital data will be converted e.g. into analog measuring values or will be formated for a digital connection. The system is internally equipped with a DC/DC converter to support an additional external supply voltage zone.

Coaxial cable to

e.g.: USB

Digital Box Evaluation Unit [Exib]IIC

Vu

DC

Analog Modul

Fig. 12: Compact evaluation unit (schema)

The following figure is an example - the exact description will be added with the customer documentation.

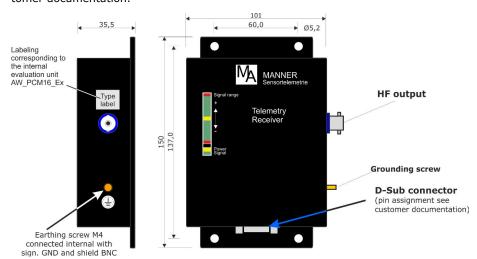


Fig. 13: Compact unit (dimensions and connections)



3.7 Evaluation Unit in Tube Housing

3.7.1 General Information

The evaluation unit will be embedded into an extra enclosure. The digital data will be converted e.g. into analog measuring values or will be formated for a digital connection. The system is internally equipped with a DC/DC converter to support an additional external supply voltage zone.

Coaxial cable to

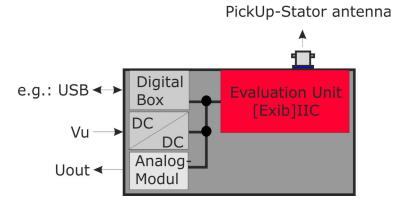


Fig. 14: Compact evaluation unit (schema)

The following figure is an example - the exact description will be added with the customer documentation.

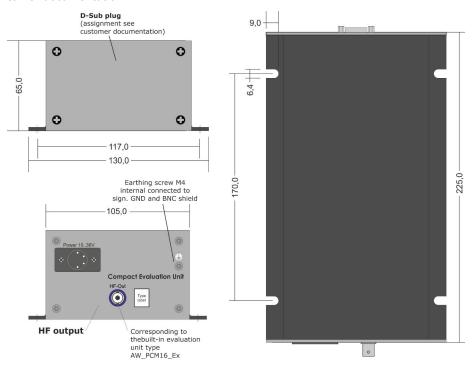


Fig. 15: Evaluation unit in tube housing (dimensions and connections)



3.8 Tabletop Unit for Multichannel Systems

3.8.1 General Information

The evaluation unit will be mounted with a bracket inside the tabletop unit at the rear panel. When powered on the evaluation unit will be supplied by an internal power pack. For analysis there are multiple analog test ports available, dependent on the system. Further different digital interfaces can be optionally provided.

The following illustration is an example. The exact representation is part of the customer documentation.

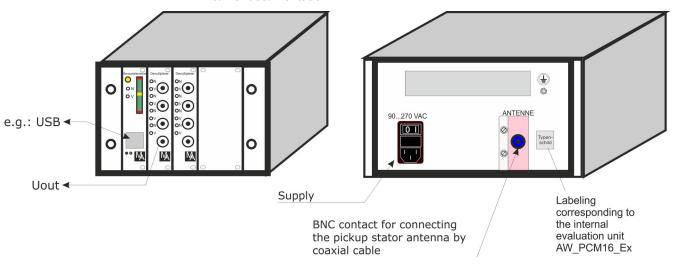


Fig. 16: Example for tabletop unit, front and back view



The customer-specific appearance and alignment can be different from ${\it Fig.~16}$ - note customer documentation



4 Installation Guide

4.1 Preparation for Mounting

EX

DANGER!

Before mounting in area exposed to explosion hazards you have to assure:

- that the equipment category and group of device correspond to the predetermined zones and environmental parameters
- a working approval was given from the operator
- no explosible atmosphere exists
- the system is power-off to avoid an inadvertently switch-on.

To perpetuate the degree of protection, the measuring system must be protected against electric shock by application.



NOTICE!

All applicable regulations as well as the customer documentation for the respective sensor telemetry system has to be observed.

4.2 Installation of the PickUp Stator Antenna

The pickup stator antenna has to be factory-provided mounted securely to avoid a mechanical contact with the rotor antenna during the running!

4.3 Installation of the Sensor Signal Amplifier

During installation of the sensor signal amplifier it has to be assured:

- The fastening of the sensor signal amplifier, the sensors and the cable has to correspond to the mechanical load.
- The intrinsically safe sensor signal amplifier is grounded as a low ohmic HF connection either direct or with a capacitor Cg.
- The safe sensor signal amplifier is mounted on top or inside a measuring feeder. The measuring feeder (e.g. a shaft) has propotional to the sensor a large surface and a big volume for absorption and radiation of the dissipation loss of the sensor.



NOTICE!

Special hints in the customer documentation has to be observed!



4.4 Installation of the Evaluation Unit



NOTICE

The tabletop unit or rather the compact evaluation unit has to be grounded at declared grounding points.

4.5 Installation of the Grounding and Potential Equalizer



CAUTION!

A grounding is obligatory to avoid stray electric currents by the shield of the coaxial cable.



NOTICE!

Use the declared grounding points at the pickup stator antenna, the tabletop unit or rather the compact evaluation unit.

4.6 Dismounting of the Sensor Telemetry System

For the dismounting of the system the terms as described \$\times weitere Informationen on page 27, 4.1 Preparation for Mounting has to be observed!

Disposal

The operator is responsible for the disposal in accordance with applicable rules, Unless specific return or disposal agreement has been made.



5 Further Information



For specific installation information mind the customer documentation.

Service

In the maintenance schedule of the facility must be included to examine whether the Manner telemetry system the application works accordingly. Corresponding functional tests can be found in the enclosed customer documentation.

Disturbances

The enclosed customer documentation contains instructions for troubleshooting. If the fault can not be eliminated, so the telemetry system is out of operation to set.



6 Contact

The customer, as the builder of a system with an integrated sensor telemetry system, is responsible for the correct and conform operation and accepts the responsibility for operation in accordance to the currently valid Low Voltage Directive.



MANNER Sensortelemetrie GmbH

Eschenwasen 20

D - 78549 - Spaichingen

Tel.: +49 7424 9329-0 Fax: +49 7424 9329-29 www.sensortelemetrie.de info@sensortelemetrie.de



Appendix



A Declaration of Conformity



Declaration of Conformity Guideline 2014 / 34 / EU (ATEX)

Address:

Manner Sensortelemetrie GmbH Eschenwasen 20 D-78549 Spaichingen

The product "Sensor Telemetry System" is designed for the contactless tapping of sensor signals. A "Sensor Telemetry System" is composed of an evaluation unit, a stator antenna and a sensor signal amplifier.

A sensor telemetry system

`@ II 2G/D^(*)

contains the electrical equipment:

evaluation unit:

AW PCM16 Ex

pickup stator antenna: Ant_8a_PCM_Ex
or rather: Ant_8c_PCM_Ex
or rather: Ant_9c_PCM_Ex

sensor signal amplifier: MSV Ep 1 RMC16 Ex @ II 2G/D Ex ib IIC/IIB/IIIC/IIIB T Gb/Db(1) X

or rather:

or rather:

MSV_Ep_K_PCM16_Ex □ II 2G/D Ex ib IIC/IIB/IIIC/IIIB T Gb/Db(1) X

or rather:

in which K corresponds with the number of channels 1 ... 8!

Used standards: (respective German version)

EN 60079-0 :2012/A11:2013 Explosive atmosphere: General requirements

EN 60079-11:2012 Explosive atmosphere: Device protection by intrinsic safety "i"

The observance of the specific precondition is mandatory as well as the regard of the respective safety regulations! Only qualified personnel is allowed to install the components.

Type test certificate:

TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH Ridlerstraße 65 D-80339 München

EX5 11 04 75617 001

Notified Body number: 0123

(Dr. Ernst Manner, CEO) Spaichingen, 19.04.2016

Manner Sensortelemetrie GmbH Eschenwasen 20 78549 Spaichingen www.sensortelemetrie.de

Managing Director: Dr. Ernst Manner Phone: +49 (0) 74 24 / 93 29-0 +49 (0) 74 24 / 93 29-29 manner@sensortelemetrie.de VAT Reg. No.: DE 172 334 043 WEEE-Reg. No. DE 88132641 Commercial register divisison B, 460579, District Court of Stuttgart

^(°) for the exactly designation note the type label of the respective component or rather the included customer documentation