Resatron®

ReSatron GmbH Eindhovener Str. 58 D-41751 Viersen Phone (+49) 02162 - 45 06 80 Fax (+49) 02162 - 45 03 04 www.resatron.de eMail: info@resatron.de



RSG 10 C - SSI

Absolute multi-turn encoder with stainless steel cover (PC-programmable)

- schockproof up to 200g
- very high bearing load
- SSI synchronous serial interface
- protection class IP 67
- zero-setting, electronical
- optional with cooling or heating

The shaft encoder system **RSG 10** was especially constructed for use under the conditions of heavy and plant making industries. The consderably lowers the costs of the mechanical adaption of the encoder, as a high efficient measuring system, to the different constructions.

System **RSG 10** was developed in close cooperation with engineers of electrical maintenance and plant making departments of the heavy industries. Because of this the already known dimensions of the standard shaft encoder system have been maintained. The system stays compatible to the mostly required encoders, inspite of its very high mechanical resistivity. Because of the extremely high mechanical and atmospheric loads all parts have been manufactured in stainlees steel **(V4A 1.4571).**

The high protection class of IP 67 and the very high bearings loads of 100 kg axial and 150 kg radial ease the use of this encoder under the conditions of the heavy and plant making industries. Additionally the internal encoder is separated form the shaft of the protection cover by means of a coupling, that e.g. guarantees a protection of the internal encoder shaft against shocks.

An additional protection cover is not necessary even under the conditions of heavy industries.

Electrical data see data sheet RSC 58 - SSI

Mechanical data



Technical data Total count Steps/turn Turns Code	25 Bit 8192 (programmable) 4096 (programmable) Gray, Binary (programmable)	Special functions - Two "limit switch function" preselection - Programmable speed monitoring - Diagnosis and operating status			
Interface Function outputs	SSI (programmable and RS 232) Preselection 1 + 2,	Contact Description			
·	Speed monitoring Encoder monitoring	12pol. plug			
Electrical data	-	1 UB	Encoder power supply connection		
Operating voltage Current consumption Code change frequency SSI pulse frequency	UB = 1030 VDC Max. 80 mA (w/o load), at 24 VDC Max. 800 kHz 62,5 kHz to 1,5 MHz	2 GND	Encoder ground connection. The voltage drawn to GND is UB.		
Monoflop time Pulse break Accuracy	1626 μs Min. 50 μs ± 0,025° with 400 kHz ± 0,05° with 800 kHz	3 Pulse +	Positive SSI pulse input. Pulse + forms a current loop with pulse A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of Pulse + input generates a logical 1 in positive logic.		
Control signals Level High Level Low	CW/CCW and Preset-in > 0,7 UB < 0,3 UB	4 Data +	Positve, serial data output of the differential line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 1 in positive logic.		
Connection	CW/CCW input with 10 kohms to UB, zeroing input with 10 kohms to GND SSI-pulse Optocoupler inputs for electrical isolation.	5 Adjustmen	t Electronic adjustment (take over of the pre- programmed value) can be done by generating a steep edge from GND to UB (is activated with a falling edge). Adjustment must be done after selecting the direction of rotation (CW/CCW). Set to		
SSI data Special outputs	RS 485		GND for max. immunity after adjustment. Impulse length ³ 100 ms.		
Level High Level Low Loading High Loading Low	> UB - 3,5 V (with I = 20 mA) < 0,5 V (with I = 20 mA) ≤ - 20 mA ≤ 20 mA	6 Data -	Negative, serial data output of the differen- tial line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 0 in positive logic.		
stages. Mechanical data Speed (mechanical) Drebzabl (electrical)	$\leq 10.000 \text{ min}^{-1}$	7 Pulse -	Negative SSI pulse input. Pulse -forms a current loop with pulse +. A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of Pulse -input generates a logical 0 in positive logic.		
Start-up torque Shaft loading	< 0,3 Ncm (20° C) < 1.500 N radial	8	Surrogate for DV		
Moment of inertia	< 1.000 N axial 10⁴ rad/s²	9 CW/CCW	CW/CCW determines the direction of turn.		
Housing Flange Weight Ambient conditions	stainless steel V4A 1.4571. stainless steel V4A 1.4571. approx. 5,2 kg		means that the code increases when the shaft turns to the right. When the GND is added, the code changes to CCW (descending sequence). The unit leaves the		
Vibration	DIN EN 60068-2-6 ≤ 100 m/s ⁻² (162000 Hz)	10	Report heating on		
Shock	DIN EN 600068-2-27 $\leq 2.000 \text{ m/s}^2,6 \text{ ms}$	10	nower supply besting 24 VDC		
Operating temperature	e - 20 + 85° C Max_relative humidity 95 %	10			
	no-condensing	12 Opol plug	mass connection heating		
Protection type Interference resistance	IP 67 DIN EN 61000-6-2	1 2 3 and 4	The special outputs $1, 2, 3$ und 4 may be		
Emitted interference Description of diagne	DIN EN 61000-6-4	.,_,c a	optionally assigned the special functions preselection 1, preselection 2, speed monitoring and diagnosis status by programming		
- Consistency test of code - Exceeding of the permissible signal frequency		5 TxD	Transmitting output of the encoder for the RS232 programming interface.		
- LED failure, aging - Receiver failure		6 RxD	Receiving input of the encoder for the		
- Code disk, glass breakage - Power supply of electronic gear unit		7	RO232 programming interface.		
		a	GND		
		9 9	not in use		
	I				

PIN - assignment RSG 10 C

PIN-Occupation RSG 10 C								
signal	PIN							
UB GND Pulse + Data + Adjustment Data- Pulse - Surrogate for DV CW/CCW Report heating on Heating + Heating-	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12							
PIN-Occupation RSG 10 C								
signal	PIN							
Output 1	1							
Output 2	2							
Output 3	3							
	4							
IXD (RS 232) PvD (PS 232)	с 6							
Programming enable	7							
GND	8							
not in use	9							

Important

DV is the diagnostics output of the sensor (contact) and is allocated in the programme to an **output**. After switching on, the RSC 58 carries out a self-test. During operation, the following features are monitored: consistency of the code, overstepping of the maximum signal frequency, LED shutdown, ageing, receiver shutdown, code disk, glass breakage, and power supply to the electronic drive. If there is a malfunction, the DV changes its output level (low to high or vice versa, depending on the programming). There are three more **outputs** available and to these you can allocate two end switch functions and one speed monitor via the programme. Programming the sensor is via the RS232 (please request our programming handbook), the programming software, and the connection cable from sensor \Leftrightarrow PC (if you wish, the sensors can be pre-programmed before they leave our factory).

To start programming, connect to GND (go into GND). During operation, this input should be to set to UB. **CW/CCW** controls the direction of rotation. For the shaft, CW indicates a rising code for rotation to the right. In GND the code changes to CCW (falling code). The unit comes to you in the CW mode.

Electronic **adjustment** (takeover of the pre-programmed value) can be done by generating a steep edge from GND to UB (is activated with a falling edge). Adjustment must be done after selecting the direction of rotation (CW/CCW). Set to GND for max. immunity after adjustment. Impulse length \geq 100 ms. Please refer to the rating plate for the correct **power supply**.

SSI (Synchron serielles Interface)





Type key of Encoder

Encoder Type	Bit/turnings	Turnings	Code	Voltage	Flange	Output	Options
RSG 10 C	13 = 8192 S/T	12 = 4096 T	P =programmable	3 = 10 - 30 VDC	V1 = 10 mm shaft servo flange	2SS = 2 plugs radial 1 x 12pol. 1 x 9pol.	L = air cooling
RSG 10 C							W = water cooling
RSG 10 C							H = electrical heating
RSG 10C	13	12	Р	3	V 1	288	

Preferred type:

RSG 10 C - 13 + 12 - P - 3 - V1 - 2SS - H

Short designation 'RSG-HKM3'. Multi-turn, 25 Bit, Gray-Code, UB 10 - 30 VDC, 10 mm shaft, servo flange, 12pol. plug radial (data communication) and 9pol. radial (programming), with electrical heating and thermostat. Standard-Encoder a. o. t. at HKM.

Dimensions and cutout RSG 10 C - SSI

